EVALUACIÓN DE COMPRENSIÓN LECTORA E INTERPRETACIÓN DE DATOS

Name: _____Date _____ Curso: 2dn level____

SECCIÓN 1: COMPRENSIÓN LECTORA DE TEXTOS CORTOS

Texto 1: Job Advertisement



WANTED: WAREHOUSE ASSISTANT

Company: LogiTech Solutions

Hours: Monday to Friday, 08:00 to 17:00.

Duties: Organize products, check inventory, and prepare delivery boxes.

Requirements: High school diploma, basic computer skills, and punctuality. Experience is not required.

Benefits: Health insurance and free lunch.

Interested candidates must send their CV to jobs@logitech.cl before June 20th.

1. What is the main purpose of this text?

- A) To sell technology products.
- B) To teach how to use a computer.
- C) To offer a job position.
- D) To promote a lunch restaurant.

2. Which requirement is NOT mandatory to apply for this job?

- A) Punctuality.
- B) Previous experience.
- C) Basic computer skills.
- D) A high school diploma.

3. What are the working days and hours for this position?

- A) Every day with flexible hours.
- B) Monday to Friday, 09:00 to 18:00.
- C) Monday to Friday, 08:00 to 17:00.
- D) Saturday and Sunday, 08:00 to 17:00.

Texto 2: Workplace Safety Rules



SAFETY FIRST: FACTORY REGULATIONS

- **Rule 1: All workers must wear safety boots and helmets at all times inside the factory.**
- **Rule 2: You must not use personal cell phones while operating machinery. It causes dangerous distractions.**
- **Rule 3: If an accident occurs, you should inform the supervisor immediately and go to the emergency room.**

4. According to Rule 1, what equipment is mandatory?

- A) Personal cell phones.
- B) Safety boots and helmets.
- C) Gloves and glasses.
- D) Uniforms and jackets.

5. Why is using a cell phone prohibited according to the text?

- A) Because it wastes battery.
- B) Because it interferes with the internet.
- C) Because the supervisor gets angry.
- D) Because it causes dangerous distractions.

6. The phrase "must not" in Rule 2 indicates:

- A) A polite recommendation.
- B) A strict prohibition.
- C) A past action.
- D) A future plan.

Texto 3: Health Advice



HOW TO MANAGE WORK STRESS

Modern life is fast, and work can be stressful. However, you can protect your health with simple habits. First, drink water and avoid too much coffee. Second, take short 5-minute breaks every two hours to stretch your body. Finally, sleep at least 7 hours a night. Your mind and body need to rest to function well tomorrow.

7. What is the central theme of the text?

- A) How to get a better salary.
- B) How to manage work stress.
- C) How to learn to sleep at work.
- D) The dangers of drinking water.

8. According to the text, what should you avoid in excess?

- A) Water.
- B) Breaks.
- C) Coffee.
- D) Sleep.

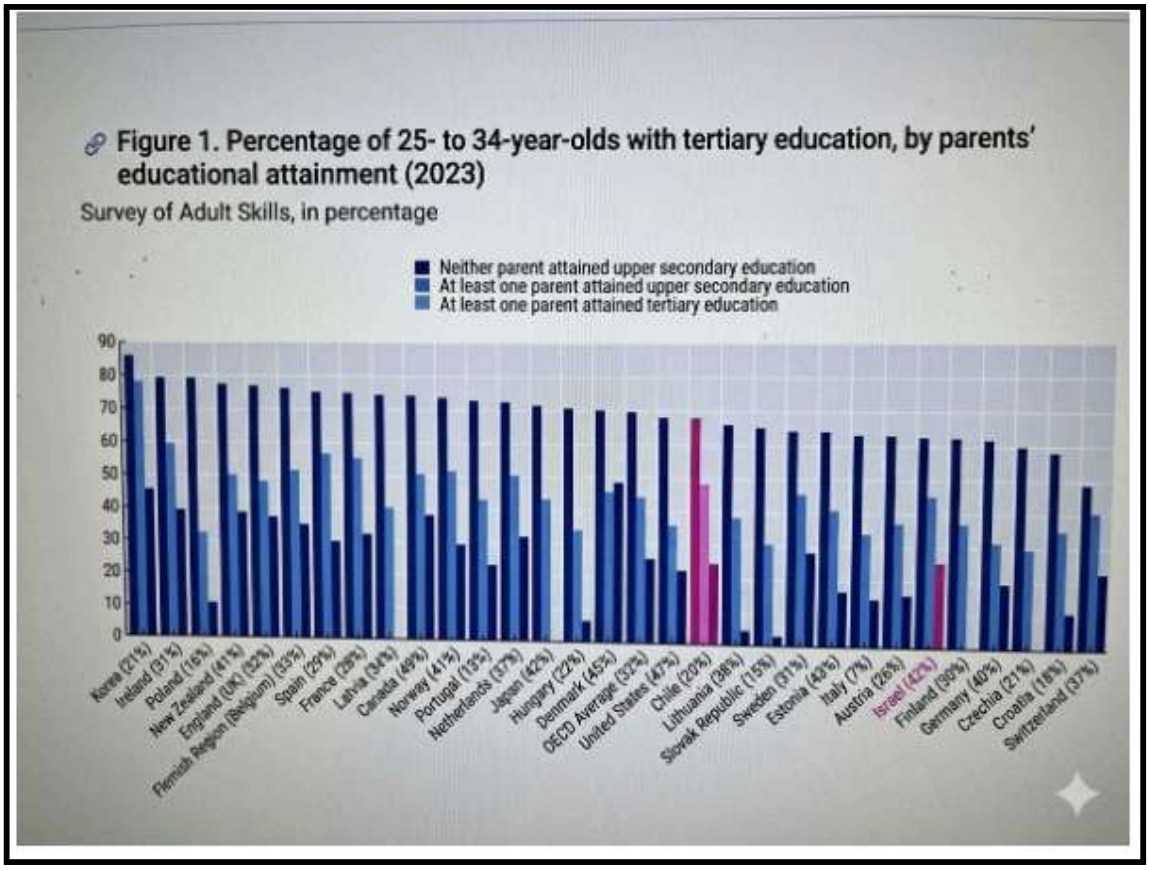
9. Which word in the text is a sequencer used to introduce the last recommendation?

- A) However
- B) Second
- C) Finally
- D) First

10. Complete the sentence: "According to the text, you should take short breaks every..."

- A) 24 hours
- B) 2 hours
- C) 7 hours
- D) 5 minutes

SECCIÓN 2: UNDERSTANDING BAR CHARTS



(Responda las preguntas basándose en el gráfico de barras de la OCDE sobre movilidad educativa e influencia de la educación de los padres en jóvenes adultos).

11. The pink bars are used in the graph to highlight the specific statistics for _____ _____.

- A) higher education
- B) young adults
- C) South Korea
- D) Chile OECD

12. According to the data, _____ _____ has the highest percentage of young adults with a degree when their parents have higher education.

- A) Great Britain
- B) United States
- C) New Zealand
- D) South Korea

13. On the far right of the chart, _____ _____ shows the lowest percentage for the category of parents with higher education.

- A) Czech Republic
- B) Switzerland country
- C) United Kingdom
- D) The Netherlands

14. The graph proves that a student's academic success is strongly connected to their _____ _____.

- A) job position
- B) winter season
- C) parents education
- D) health insurance

15. When looking at the three categories combined, the OECD Average is visibly higher than _____ _____.

- A) South Korea
- B) Italy country
- C) France country
- D) Czech Republic

SECCIÓN 3: READING COMPREHENSION (BIOGRAPHY & CITIES)



Donald Trump is an American politician, businessman, and media personality who served as the 45th president of the United States. Born in Queens, New York, he graduated from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania before taking over his family's real estate business, which he expanded into a global empire of hotels, casinos, and golf courses. His public profile grew significantly as the host of the reality television show *The Apprentice*, establishing his reputation as a billionaire businessman. In 2016, he entered politics as a Republican and won the presidential election, running on a populist platform centered around his "Make America Great Again" slogan.

During his presidency, Trump implemented a series of highly consequential policy changes that reshaped American governance and international relations. Domestically, his administration focused on economic nationalism, passing major tax cuts, reducing federal regulations, and appointing three conservative justices to the Supreme Court. His foreign policy, described as "America First," led to the renegotiation of trade deals, the construction of a wall on the Mexican border, and a more confrontational approach toward international organizations and allies. His leadership style, heavily reliant on direct communication through social media, polarized the electorate and challenged traditional political norms.

In conclusion, Donald Trump remains one of the most influential and polarizing figures in modern American history. His political movement fundamentally transformed the Republican Party, shifting its focus toward populism and working-class nationalism. Beyond his policy achievements, his legacy is defined by his profound impact on the nation's cultural and political discourse, which continues to shape global politics. Whether viewed as a disruptive reformer or a divisive leader, his career permanently altered the landscape of American democracy.

Parte 1: True or False (Donald Trump Biography)

Escriba True si la afirmación es correcta según el texto de estudio, o False si es incorrecta.

- 16. _____ Donald Trump studied at the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.
- 17. _____ He began his business career by founding a brand-new real estate company entirely on his own.
- 18. _____ During his presidency, he appointed two conservative justices to the Supreme Court.
- 19. _____ His foreign policy approach was known as "America First."
- 20. _____ The text states that his political movement shifted the Republican Party toward populism.

Parte 2: Multiple Choice (Donald Trump Administration)

Seleccione la mejor alternativa para cada pregunta.

21. What television show helped significantly grow Donald Trump's public profile?

- A) The President

- B) Make America Great Again
- C) Real Estate Mogul
- D) The Apprentice

22. Which of the following was a domestic focus of Trump's administration?

- A) Increasing federal regulations
- B) Expanding traditional political norms
- C) Raising taxes for corporations
- D) Passing major tax cuts

23. How did Donald Trump primarily communicate directly with the electorate?

- A) Through daily radio broadcasts
- B) Through international organizations
- C) Through social media
- D) Through traditional newspaper columns

24. According to the text, what did his foreign policy lead to?

- A) The reduction of the president's influence
- B) A complete ban on real estate investments
- C) The construction of a wall on the Mexican border
- D) Closer cooperation with traditional global allies

25. What is a major conclusion about Donald Trump's legacy?

- A) He had very little impact on the nation's political discourse.
- B) He permanently altered the landscape of American democracy.
- C) He united all political parties under a single ideology.
- D) His movement ended immediately after his presidency.

Parte 3: Comprensión Lectora - "Liverpool"



Liverpool is a vibrant maritime city in northwest England, world-famous for its rich cultural heritage, historic ports, and unparalleled musical legacy. Located where the River Mersey meets the Irish Sea, the city grew from a small tidal fishing village into one of the most vital trading ports of the British Empire. This extensive maritime history earned its docklands recognition as a global heritage symbol for many years. Today, Liverpool seamlessly blends its industrial past with a dynamic modern identity, attracting millions of visitors who come to explore its stunning architecture, legendary football culture, and artistic soul.

The heart of the city's tourist appeal lies in its spectacular waterfront, centered around the historic Royal Albert Dock. Opened in 1846, this impressive complex of dock buildings and warehouses features the largest collection of Grade I listed buildings in the country, now beautifully repurposed into trendy restaurants, bars, and museums like the Tate Liverpool. Just a short walk away stand the iconic "Three Graces"—the Royal Liver Building, the Cunard Building, and the Port of Liverpool Building—which dominate the famous Pier Head skyline. For music lovers, the city is an ultimate pilgrimage site, featuring the legendary Cavern Club on Mathew Street, where The Beatles played their earliest gigs, and The Beatles Story museum, which chronicles the band's rise to global stardom.

In conclusion, Liverpool is a captivating destination that offers a perfect mix of historical depth, architectural beauty, and pop-culture significance. From the towering grandeur of the Liverpool Cathedral—the largest cathedral in Britain—to the passionate atmosphere of Anfield Stadium, home to Liverpool Football Club, the city provides unique experiences for every type of traveler. Its ability to preserve its historic landmarks while fostering a creative, welcoming community ensures that Liverpool remains an essential and unforgettable stop on any British itinerary.

26. ¿Dónde se encuentra ubicada geográficamente la ciudad de Liverpool?

- A) En el noreste de Inglaterra, donde el río Támesis se une al mar del Norte.
- B) En el sureste de Inglaterra, frente al canal de la Mancha.
- C) En el suroeste de Inglaterra, cerca de la frontera con Gales.
- D) En el noroeste de Inglaterra, donde el río Mersey se une al mar de Irlanda.

27. ¿Qué reconocimiento obtuvieron los muelles de Liverpool debido a su extensa historia marítima?

- A) Símbolo de patrimonio global durante muchos años.
- B) El centro financiero del Imperio Británico.
- C) Sede principal de la Marina Real Británica.
- D) El puerto comercial más grande de Europa.

28. ¿En qué año se inauguró el complejo histórico Royal Albert Dock?

- A) 1863
- B) 1851
- C) 1846
- D) 1842

29. ¿Qué característica arquitectónica destaca al complejo de Royal Albert Dock en el país?

- A) Es la estructura de hierro más antigua del mundo.
- B) Cuenta con la mayor colección de edificios clasificados como Grade I.
- C) Posee el puente colgante más largo de la región.
- D) Alberga el rascacielos más alto de Gran Bretaña.

30. ¿Cuál es el nombre del estadio que alberga al Liverpool Football Club?

- A) Old Trafford
- B) Stamford Bridge
- C) Goodison Park
- D) Anfield Stadium

Congratulations. Quiz finished



NAME: _____ **DATE:** _____

SCHOOL: _____ **SCORE:**_____

ÍTEM I: SELECCIÓN MÚLTIPLE

(Preguntas 1 a 15)

- 1. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 2. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 3. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 4. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 5. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 6. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 7. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 8. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 9. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 10. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 11. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 12. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 13. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 14. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 15. [A] [B] [C] [D]

ÍTEM II: VERDADERO O FALSO

(Preguntas 16 a 20)

- 16. _____ (True / False)
- 17. _____ (True / False)
- 18. _____ (True / False)
- 19. _____ (True / False)
- 20. _____ (True / False)

ÍTEM III: SELECCIÓN MÚLTIPLE

(Preguntas 21 a 30)

- 21. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 22. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 23. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 24. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 25. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 26. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 27. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 28. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 29. [A] [B] [C] [D]
- 30. [A] [B] [C] [D]